

COVER SHEET

AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program



http://www.homebrewersassociation.org

How to Read Your Scoresheet Left Column:

Judges must give their names and are encouraged to give contact information so that you can respond with praise or constructive criticism to their comments. Please don't expect the judge to remember your beer. Complaints about your score are unlikely to accomplish anything but enmity, but helpful comments that point out objective errors or poor quality of feedback may help the judge to improve in the future

If you feel that there is a significant problem with the quality of judging you have received, please contact the organizer of the competition and, if the judge has checked a BJCP rank, the BJCP (at the address at the bottom of this sheet). Include copies of the scoresheet and any other relevant information.

The Judge Qualification section is fairly self-explanatory. An Apprentice is a judge who has taken but not passed the BJCP exam. A non-BJCP judge has not taken the exam, but may be skilled. Honorary Master is a rank given out by the BJCP for recognition of exceptional service to the BJCP and/or homebrewing community. The other ranks are levels within the BJCP, based on the judge's experience and exam score.

The **Descriptor Definitions** list is used by some judges as a shorthand way to communicate the presence of common beer characteristics. Many, but not all, of these are considered flaws in beer, although some will be a flaw in some styles and desired in others. See the judge's comments on the right side of the sheet for more information.

Right Column

The Category and Subcategory designation shows the style against which your beer was judged. Most of the score your beer received represents how well the judges felt your beer represented this style. See below for more about scoring and style.

The **Bottle Inspection** is not used in determining your beer's score, but certain clues to potential problems can be gleaned from a bottle inspection. For example, "Ring around the collar," a line of material that appears on the bottle neck at the liquid surface, is sometimes an indicator of contamination, although it can have other causes. This section can also be used for comments about packaging in violation of some contests guidelines such as the use of distinctive bottles or incorrect bottle size.

Most entries into homebrew competitions are in categories that describe a particular style of beer. These styles are usually derived from a commercial beer, or group of similar beers, or a type of beer that is popular among home brewers. The score that is assigned to your beer is an indication of how closely the judge felt your beer matched the characteristics of that style. The style adherence is separated into four sections: Aroma, Appearance, Flavor, and Mouthfeel. The judges are looking for the presence and/or absence of various characteristics in each of these four sections, depending on the style. Your beer was scored accordingly.

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Judges and/or Stewards

Check all score sheets for accuracy and make sure the judge's full name is printed on each one. Attach this cover sheet on top of all score sheets before submitting them to the organizer.

Entry Number

65661

Category # 20 Subcategory (a-f) A
Ordinal Position in Flight: 4 of 7

This beer advanced to a mini-BOS round

Final Assigned Score

32.5

At least two judges from the flight in which your beer was entered reached consensus on your final assigned score. It is not necessarily an average of the individual scores.

Place Awarded



In the final section, **Overall Impression**, the judge conveys how enjoyable the beer was and should attempt to offer suggestions for improvement. It may also be used to summarize the judge's feelings on aspects of the beer that don't fit neatly into one of the other four sections. The difference between a very good beer and a world class beer can often be in subtle or intangible details. Likewise, beers with no easily discernible flaws can be lacking in specialness or "magic." This section is used to give such feedback.

The **Scoring Guide** is your guide to understanding the meaning of your total score on the 50 point scale used on this scoresheet.

Outstanding (45-50) – A world class example of the style. A beer with great character and no flaws.

Excellent (38-44) – Beers in this range may have no flaws but may be missing the intangibles for a world class beer.

Very Good (30-37) – Beers in this range may have a minor flaw (technical or stylistic), or may be lacking in balance or complexity.

Good (21-29) – A satisfactory beer that generally fits the style parameters. Scores near the upper end of this range may have only a few minor flaws or be slightly out of style and also may be

lacking in balance or complexity. Scores near the lower end of this range tend to have more flaws and are likely to have stylistic inconsistencies as well.

Fair (14-20) – This beer has its share of problems that may include missing the style parameters, off flavors and aromas, balance problems, contamination, or other major flaws. Scores near the lower end of this range exhibit more major flaws.

Problematic (0-13) – A beer with a major problem (usually contamination) that overwhelms all other flavors and aromas. Often barely palatable.

In box to the right of the Scoring Guide the judge has reiterated the feedback given in the five scored sections, breaking it down differently. Your beer has been rated on three scales: Stylistic Accuracy, Technical Merit, and Intangibles. The aroma of Cascade hops in a Bohemian Pilsener would be an example of a problem in Stylistic Accuracy. This can be thought of as recipe feedback. Excessive sourness would usually indicate a contamination problem which would be classified under Technical Merit. This can be thought of as process feedback. Some characteristics don't fall neatly into one category, for example grassy aromas might be from the type of hop used, or from using oxidized hops. Here the judge has tried to make the best guess for these ratings. Intangibles rates the same characteristic discussed above in Overall Impression. The checkboxes also give the entrant an overview of the beer's evaluation. By filling out the checkboxes, the judge is encouraged to think about the beer as a whole after the words are written and may also help justify the final score.

The Beer Judge Certification Program

The BJCP is the only body in North America that tests and certifies beer judges. The BJCP is a not-for-profit organization, and BJCP judges do not charge for their services. Contact the BJCP at: Comp Director@BJCP.org.



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Jud Colin Lyles	Category # 20 Subcategory (a-f) Entry # 65661
Juc Brew Off BJCP ID# n/a Pending —	Subcategory (spell out) 18 C Bologian Tripe!
colinlyles@gmail.com	Special Ingredients: Waturelen
Juc	Bottle Inspection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.
Judge Qualifications and BJCP Rank:	
☐ Apprentice ☐ Recognized ☐ Certified	Comments
□ National □ Master □ Grand Master □ Honorary Master □ Mead Judge □ Cider Judge	Aroma (as appropriate for style) Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics
□ Professional Brewer □ Non-BJCP □ Rank Pending	Complex swill of waterness ried, said, properly phoodies,
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):	moderately lost fruity alcohol (vocia banana). Malt arema
☐ Acetaldehyde – Green apple-like aroma and flavor.	low to more , top prima low - a bit spicy , some orange
(2.)	- character comes through as it warms,
☐ Alcoholic – The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as "hot."	Appearance (as appropriate for style)
☐ Astringent – Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.	Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture) Folder Straw Colored Slight chill have pusistent
☐ Diacetyl – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or toffee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue	white creamy heard Lucino present
☐ DMS (dimethyl sulfide) — At low levels a sweet, cooked or canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as appropriate for style) Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics
☐ Estery – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses).	Nicely Corange and Gongraphy A light Property flavor
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.	follows the letterness is nederate and does not
☐ Light-Struck – Similar to the aroma of a skunk.	get in the way of the formentation characteristics
☐ Metallic – Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.	
☐ Musty – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.	Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style) 3.5/5
☐ Oxidized – Any one or combination of winy/vinous,	Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations
cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors.	Very Street palate - midium bodied - lots or residual
☐ Phenolic – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plastic, plastic adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).	The state of the s
☐ Solvent – Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.	
☐ Sour/Acidic – Tartness in aroma and flavor, Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).	Overall Impression Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement This is an excellent tringly with a Very
☐ Sulfur – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.	pleasing complexity (alcohol phenoliss exters.
☐ Vegetal – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and	hatorniden). The waterniler is wearing but
flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	not overly prominent.
☐ Yeasty – A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.	
ook up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary application:	
ntp://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	Total <u>34</u> /50
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fi Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor fi Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style defici Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate	Stylistic Accuracy
Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor five Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some	
Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor fl	
Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style defici	
Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate	Wonderful □ □ □ □ Lifeless



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6	Category # 🚫 Subcategory (a-f) Entry # 6566/
Sean Gregg BJCP ID# F0446 National	Subcategory (spell out) Fait Beec Special Ingredients: water by taken
srgregg@earthlink.net	
`` _ '	Bottle Inspection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.
Judge Qualifications and BJCP Rank: □ Apprentice □ Recognized □ Certified	Comments 33cl bottle
□ National □ Master □ Grand Master □ Honorary Master □ Mead Judge □ Cider Judge	Aroma (as appropriate for style) 7 /12 Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics
☐ Professional Brewer ☐ Non-BJCP ☐ Rank Pending	moderate waternator croma with a hint of
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):	plastic artificial sweetness very light froity
☐ Acetaldehyde – Green apple-like aroma and flavor.	hor onma, no alwhal come
☐ Alcoholic – The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of	My Starts, In Collins 21815
ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as "hot."	Appearance (as appropriate for style) 3 /3
☐ Astringent – Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness	Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture) harv golden color, medium white head
in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.	mostly land pubbles, moderate retention
□ Diacetyl – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or toffee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue.	
DMS (dimethyl sulfide) – At low levels a sweet, cooked or canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as appropriate for style) Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics
 Estery – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses). 	very sweet watermelon carry flavor with
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.	no fout flowers low hop bitteness
☐ Light-Struck — Similar to the aroma of a skunk.	no hip Person sweet met character,
☐ Metallic – Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.	with a semi sweet finish
☐ Musty – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.	Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style) 3 / 5
 Oxidized – Any one or combination of winy/vinous, cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors. 	Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations medium full body, low-med (ar ponation)
☐ Phenolic – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plastic, plastic adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).	no astrinency
□ Solvent – Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel	
alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.	Overall Impression/10
□ Sour/Acidic – Tartness in aroma and flavor. Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).	Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement Overall avera swell base example with
☐ Sulfur – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.	a sweet wetermelon flower consider using more
□ Vegetal – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	retired sugar in place of malt to decreese the
☐ Yeasty – A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.	watermelon seems sweet + artificial, consider
Look up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary application: http://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	12 synikant brewing theme 200, 200 31 15
	Stylistic Accuracy
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fit Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor fl. Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style deficit. Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate.	ne-tuning minor flaws aws Classic Example
REDDIAM SHE III . 137 Major of Hayors and aromas dominate	

Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate