

COVER SHEET

AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program



http://www.beertown.org

How to Read Your Scoresheet Left Column:

Judges must give their names and are encouraged to give contact information so that you can respond with praise or constructive criticism to their comments. Please don't expect the judge to remember your beer. Complaints about your score are unlikely to accomplish anything but enmity, but helpful comments that point out objective errors or poor quality of feedback may help the judge to improve in the future.

If you feel that there is a significant problem with the quality of judging you have received, please contact the organizer of the competition and, if the judge has checked a BJCP rank, the BJCP (at the address at the bottom of this sheet). Include copies of the scoresheet and any other relevant information.

The **Judge Qualification** section is fairly self-explanatory. An Apprentice judge is in training. Experienced simply means a judge with no specific qualifications, but who considers himself/herself to be a skilled beer judge. Honorary Master is a rank given out by the BJCP for recognition of exceptional service to the BJCP and/or homebrewing community. The other ranks are levels within the BJCP, based on the judge's experience and exam score.

The **Descriptor Definitions** list is used by some judges as a shorthand way to communicate the presence of common beer characteristics. Many, but not all, of these are considered flaws in beer, although some will be a flaw in some styles and desired in others. See the judge's comments on the right side of the sheet for more information.

Right Column

The Category and Subcategory designation shows the style against which your beer was judged. Most of the score your beer received represents how well the judges felt your beer represented this style. See below for more about scoring and style.

The **Bottle Inspection** is not used in determining your beer's score, but certain clues to potential problems can be gleaned from a bottle inspection. For example, "Ring around the collar," a line of material that appears on the bottle neck at the liquid surface, is sometimes an indicator of contamination, although it can have other causes. This section can also be used for comments about packaging in violation of some contests' guidelines such as the use of distinctive bottles or incorrect bottle size.

Most entries into homebrew competitions are in categories that describe a particular style of beer. These styles are usually derived from a commercial beer, or group of similar beers, or a type of beer that is popular among home brewers. The score that is assigned to your beer is an indication of how closely the judge felt your beer matched the characteristics of that style. The style adherence is separated into four sections: Aroma, Appearance, Flavor, and Mouthfeel. The judges are looking for the presence and/or absence of various characteristics in each of these four sections, depending on the style. Your beer was scored accordingly.

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Judges and/or Stewards

Check all score sheets for accuracy and make sure the judge's full name is printed on each one. Attach this cover sheet on top of all score sheets before submitting them to the organizer.

Entry Number

7650

Category # _____ Subcategory (a-f) _____ Ordinal Position in Flight: 5 of 7

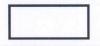
☐ This beer advanced to a mini-BOS round

Final Assigned Score

45

At least two judges from the flight in which your beer was entered reached consensus on your final assigned score. It is not necessarily an average of the individual scores.

Place Awarded



In the final section, **Overall Impression**, the judge conveys how enjoyable the beer was and should attempt to offer suggestions for improvement. It may also be used to summarize the judge's feelings on aspects of the beer that don't fit neatly into one of the other four sections. The difference between a very good beer and a world class beer can often be in subtle or intangible details. Likewise, beers with no easily discernible flaws can be lacking in specialness or "magic". This section is used to give such feedback.

The **Scoring Guide** is your guide to understanding the meaning of your total score on the 50 point scale used on this scoresheet.

Outstanding (45-50) - A world class example of the style. A beer with great character and no flaws.

Excellent (38-44) - Beers in this range may have no flaws but may be missing the intangibles for a world class beer.

Very Good (30-37) - Beers in this range may have a minor flaw (technical or stylistic), or may be lacking in balance or complexity.

Good (21-29) - A satisfactory beer that generally fits the style parameters. Scores near the upper end of this range may have only a few minor flaws or be slightly out of style and also may be

lacking in balance or complexity. Scores near the lower end of this range tend to have more flaws and are likely to have stylistic inconsistencies as well.

Fair (14-20) - This beer has its share of problems that may include missing the style parameters, off flavors and aromas, balance problems, contamination, or other major flaws. Scores near the lower end of this range exhibit more major flaws.

 $\label{eq:problematic (0-13) - A beer with a major problem (usually contamination) that overwhelms all other flavors and aromas. Often barely palatable.}$

In box to the right of the Scoring Guide the judge has reiterated the feedback given in the five scored sections, breaking it down differently. Your beer has been rated on three scales: Stylistic Accuracy, Technical Merit, and Intangibles. The aroma of Cascade hops in a Bohemian Pilsener would be an example of a problem in Stylistic Accuracy. This can be thought of as recipe feedback. Excessive sourness would usually indicate a contamination problem which would be classified under Technical Merit. This can be thought of as process feedback. Some characteristics don't fall neatly into one category, for example grassy aromas might be from the type of hop used, or from using oxidized hops. Here the judge has tried to make the best guess for these ratings. Intangibles rates the same characteristic discussed above in Overall Impression. The checkboxes also give the entrant an overview of the beer's evaluation. By filling out the checkboxes, the judge is encouraged to think about the beer as a whole after the words are written and may also help justify the final score.

The Beer Judge Certification Program

The BJCP is the only body in the United States that tests and certifies beer judges. The BJCP is a not-for-profit organization, and BJCP judges do not charge for their services. Contact the BJCP at: Comp Director@BJCP.org



BEER SCORESHEET

American
Homebrewers
AHA Association

http://www.bjcp.org

AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program

http://www.beertown.org

Judge I Judge I Judge I Judge I Judge I Judge Qualifications/BJCP Rank:	Category # 19 Subcategory (a-f) Entry # 7650 Subcategory (spell out) AMERICAN BARLEY WINE Special Ingredients: Bottle Inspection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.	
□ Apprentice □ Recognized □ Certified □ National □ Master □ Grand Master □ Honorary Master □ Professional Brewer □ Novice (non-BJCP) □ Experienced (but not in BJCP)	Aroma (as appropriate for style) Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics	
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):	EARTHY HOP AROMA	
\square Acetaldehyde - Green apple-like aroma and flavor.	DARKERAUITESTER	
☐ Alcoholic - The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as "hot."	3 /	
☐ Astringent - Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.	Appearance (as appropriate for style) Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture)	
☐ Diacetyl - Artificial butter, butterscotch, or toffee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue.	COLOR THICK OFF WHITE	
☐ DMS (dimethyl sulfide) - At low levels a sweet, cooked or canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as appropriate for style)	
☐ Estery - Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses).	Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics	
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.	EERMENTATION AND PINISH	
☐ Light-Struck - Similar to the aroma of a skunk.	LINGERING HOP FINISH	
☐ Metallic - Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.		
☐ Musty – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.	Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style) 5 /5	
☐ Oxidized - Any one or combination of winy/vinous, cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors.	Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations	
☐ Phenolic – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plastic, plastic adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).	SMOOTHIESS NO ASTRINGENCY	
☐ Solvent - Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.	9	
☐ Sour/Acidic - Tartness in aroma and flavor. Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).	Overall Impression/10 Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement	
☐ Sulfur - The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.	19-6 THE ONLY THING	
☐ Vegetal - Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	YOU MAN DO IS INCREASE	
☐ Yeasty - A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.	MORE YEAST TO DRY IT	
Look up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary application: http://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	OUT A LITTLE, GREAT REER	
Outstanding (45 50), W. III	Total	
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fin		
Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor flat		
Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style deficie	encies Intangibles	
Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate Wonderful		



BEER SCORESHEET

Association

http://www bicn org

ALA P 109 Sanctioned Competition Program http://www.homebrewersassociation.org

Ju John Sukroo BJCP ID # F0413	Category	# 19 Subcategory (a-f) C Entry # 7650	
Beer Judge Certified		gory (spell out) American Barleywine	
jsukroo@gmail.com		ngredients:	
Use Avery label # 5160	Pottle Inc.	spection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.	
Judge Qualifications and BJCP Rank:	bottle insp	Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.	
☐ Apprentice ☐ Recognized ☐ Control ☐ National ☐ Master ☐ Grant ☐ Gra	idae ludga	s appropriate for style) malt, hops esters, and other aromatics	
☐ Professional Brewer ☐ Non-BJCP ☐ Ra	1	lerately high citrys hop aroms	
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply)): mode		
☐ Acetaldehyde – Green apple-like aroma and fl	lavor.	114119	
☐ Alcoholic – The aroma, flavor, and warming et ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes describ	ihed as "hot"	nce (as appropriate for style)	
☐ Astringent – Puckering, lingering harshness at in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; husking	nd/or dryness Comment on co	color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture) Per Color good clarity large	
☐ Diacetyl – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or tof and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness		White Lead full good retention	
☐ DMS (dimethyl sulfide) — At low levels a swe canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as a	appropriate for style) /20 malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics	
☐ Estery – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fru flavorings, or roses).		erately high clean matt aruma, erately, high hop aroma and, flavor,	
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or gr	reen leaves. Some	fruity ester. A little alcohol but	
☐ Light-Struck – Similar to the aroma of a skun	nk. <u>vey</u>	clean	
☐ Metallic – Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood	d-like flavor.	1,	
☐ Musty – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors		(as appropriate for style) body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations	
☐ Oxidized – Any one or combination of winy/v cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and f	vinous,	Full body Moderate Carbonation	
☐ Phenolic – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plast adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic		J TIME CICAL STEVANT.	
☐ Solvent – Aromas and flavors of higher alcoholalcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner		mprossion 9 ///	
☐ Sour/Acidic – Tartness in aroma and flavor. C and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic a	Can be sharp Comment on or	overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
☐ Sulfur – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning r	matches. and	The hops. Hop bitterness is essy to	
☐ Vegetal – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	aroma and	flour component.	
☐ Yeasty – A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma	a or flavor.		
Look up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary a http://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	application:	Total 45 /50	
Outstanding (45 - 50): World along and along a short and along a short a short along a short a short along a short a short a short along a short a s	e of style		
Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within styl	ell, requires minor fine-tuning ele parameters, some minor flaws style and/or minor flaws or major style deficiencies	Classic Example	