

## **COVER SHEET**

**AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program** 



http://www.beertown.org

### How to Read Your Scoresheet Left Column:

Judges must give their names and are encouraged to give contact information so that you can respond with praise or constructive criticism to their comments. Please don't expect the judge to remember your beer. Complaints about your score are unlikely to accomplish anything but enmity, but helpful comments that point out objective errors or poor quality of feedback may help the judge to improve in the future.

If you feel that there is a significant problem with the quality of judging you have received, please contact the organizer of the competition and, if the judge has checked a BJCP rank, the BJCP (at the address at the bottom of this sheet). Include copies of the scoresheet and any other relevant information.

The Judge Qualification section is fairly self-explanatory. An Apprentice judge is in training. Experienced simply means a judge with no specific qualifications, but who considers himself/herself to be a skilled beer judge. Honorary Master is a rank given out by the BJCP for recognition of exceptional service to the BJCP and/or homebrewing community. The other ranks are levels within the BJCP, based on the judge's experience and exam score.

The **Descriptor Definitions** list is used by some judges as a shorthand way to communicate the presence of common beer characteristics. Many, but not all, of these are considered flaws in beer, although some will be a flaw in some styles and desired in others. See the judge's comments on the right side of the sheet for more information.

#### Right Column

The Category and Subcategory designation shows the style against which your beer was judged. Most of the score your beer received represents how well the judges felt your beer represented this style. See below for more about scoring and style.

The **Bottle Inspection** is not used in determining your beer's score, but certain clues to potential problems can be gleaned from a bottle inspection. For example, "Ring around the collar," a line of material that appears on the bottle neck at the liquid surface, is sometimes an indicator of contamination, although it can have other causes. This section can also be used for comments about packaging in violation of some contests' guidelines such as the use of distinctive bottles or incorrect bottle size.

Most entries into homebrew competitions are in categories that describe a particular style of beer. These styles are usually derived from a commercial beer, or group of similar beers, or a type of beer that is popular among home brewers. The score that is assigned to your beer is an indication of how closely the judge felt your beer matched the characteristics of that style. The style adherence is separated into four sections: Aroma, Appearance, Flavor, and Mouthfeel. The judges are looking for the presence and/or absence of various characteristics in each of these four sections, depending on the style. Your beer was scored accordingly.

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#### Judges and/or Stewards

Check all score sheets for accuracy and make sure the judge's full name is printed on each one. Attach this cover sheet on top of all score sheets before submitting them to the organizer.

### **Entry Number**

7649

Category # 16 Subcategory (a-f) F
Ordinal Position in Flight: of

This beer advanced to a mini-BOS round

### **Final Assigned Score**



At least two judges from the flight in which your beer was entered reached consensus on your final assigned score. It is not necessarily an average of the individual scores.

#### **Place Awarded**



In the final section, **Overall Impression**, the judge conveys how enjoyable the beer was and should attempt to offer suggestions for improvement. It may also be used to summarize the judge's feelings on aspects of the beer that don't fit neatly into one of the other four sections. The difference between a very good beer and a world class beer can often be in subtle or intangible details. Likewise, beers with no easily discernible flaws can be lacking in specialness or "magic". This section is used to give such feedback.

The **Scoring Guide** is your guide to understanding the meaning of your total score on the 50 point scale used on this scoresheet.

Outstanding (45-50) - A world class example of the style. A beer with great character and no flaws.

**Excellent (38-44)** - Beers in this range may have no flaws but may be missing the intangibles for a world class beer.

**Very Good (30-37)** - Beers in this range may have a minor flaw (technical or stylistic), or may be lacking in balance or complexity.

Good (21-29) - A satisfactory beer that generally fits the style parameters. Scores near the upper end of this range may have only a few minor flaws or be slightly out of style and also may be

lacking in balance or complexity. Scores near the lower end of this range tend to have more flaws and are likely to have stylistic inconsistencies as well

Fair (14-20) - This beer has its share of problems that may include missing the style parameters, off flavors and aromas, balance problems, contamination, or other major flaws. Scores near the lower end of this range exhibit more major flaws.

**Problematic** (0-13) - A beer with a major problem (usually contamination) that overwhelms all other flavors and aromas. Often barely palatable.

In box to the right of the Scoring Guide the judge has reiterated the feedback given in the five scored sections, breaking it down differently. Your beer has been rated on three scales: Stylistic Accuracy, Technical Merit, and Intangibles. The aroma of Cascade hops in a Bohemian Pilsener would be an example of a problem in Stylistic Accuracy. This can be thought of as recipe feedback. Excessive sourness would usually indicate a contamination problem which would be classified under Technical Merit. This can be thought of as process feedback. Some characteristics don't fall neatly into one category, for example grassy aromas might be from the type of hop used, or from using oxidized hops. Here the judge has tried to make the best guess for these ratings. Intangibles rates the same characteristic discussed above in Overall Impression. The checkboxes also give the entrant an overview of the beer's evaluation. By filling out the checkboxes, the judge is encouraged to think about the beer as a whole after the words are written and may also help justify the final score.

#### The Beer Judge Certification Program

The BJCP is the only body in the United States that tests and certifies beer judges. The BJCP is a not-for-profit organization, and BJCP judges do not charge for their services. Contact the BJCP at: Comp\_Director@BJCP.org



# **BEER SCORESHEE**

AHA/R ICP Sanctioned Competition Program

nttp://www.bjcp.org	http://www.homebrewersassociation.org
David Hatker BJCP ID # Rank Pending david.hatker@gmail.com	Category # 18 Subcategory (a-f) E Entry # 57649  Subcategory (spell out) Belgian Dark Strong  Special Ingredients:  Bottle Inspection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, label removal, etc.
Judge Qualifications and BJCP Rank:         □ Apprentice       □ Recognized       □ Certified         □ National       □ Master       □ Grand Master         □ Honorary Master       □ Mead Judge       □ Cider Judge	Aroma (as appropriate for style)  Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics
☐ Professional Brewer ☐ Non-BJCP ☐ Rank Pending	Medium-light sweet malt background (pale learance notes)
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):  Acetaldehyde – Green apple-like aroma and flavor.	which is accompanied by fruit esters ( green raisens, figs), some pepper Islight clove phenolics, and a slight citruis spicy alcohol character,
<ul> <li>☐ Alcoholic – The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as "hot."</li> <li>☐ Astringent – Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.</li> </ul>	Appearance (as appropriate for style)  Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture)  Burs a medium copper with a light tan, low,
☐ Diacetyl – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or toffee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue.	non-persistant head. Large bubbles, materiam - high carbonation. Very clear.
☐ DMS (dimethyl sulfide) — At low levels a sweet, cooked or canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as appropriate for style)  Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste and other flavor characteristics
☐ Estery – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses).	Sweet malt flavor of toffee and hints of light caramel.  Malt backbone helps support alcohol content (which is
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.	somewhat spicy and citruisy). Notes of green raisen
☐ Light-Struck – Similar to the aroma of a skunk.	and white pepper also characteristic of this style. No
☐ Metallic – Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.	hop flavor or DMS. Skylly flore I flavor as it warmed.
<ul> <li>☐ Musty – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.</li> <li>☐ Oxidized – Any one or combination of winy/vinous, cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors.</li> <li>☐ Phenolic – Spicy (clove, pepper), smoky, plastic, plastic adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).</li> </ul>	Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style)  Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other parate sensations  Modium hodisal, 5/15htly sweet helps support alcohol  Strength. Alcohol warmth comes through in the first  bot dimenshes in the aftertaste. No creamy or  a stringent.
☐ Solvent – Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.	Overall Impression 7.5 /10
☐ Sour/Acidic – Tartness in aroma and flavor. Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).	Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions or improvement  This beer is well made and does a good job exemplifyi
☐ Sulfur – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.	the Dark Strong Style. The aroma is very distinct. A
☐ Vegetal – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	strong dark should have better head refension (adjust recipe - ) use dextrin malt or flaked outs in small % to
☐ Yeasty – A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.	improve head retention. A boost in met complexity
Look up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary application: http://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	Alcohol wormth should be a bit lower.  Alcohol wormth should be a bit lower.  Great job though, Total 38.5 150
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fin Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor fl Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style deficie Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate	minor flaws  Technical Merit  aws  Flawless  Significant Flaws



http://www.bjcp.org

# **BEER SCORESHEET**

American Homebrewers A Association

**AHA/BJCP Sanctioned Competition Program** 

http://www.homebrewersassociation.org

T	intep.//www.nomeorewersassociation.org
Judí Ryan Stansbury —	Category # 18 Subcategory (a-f) E Entry # 76 49
Jude BJCP ID # F0414 Certified	Subcategory (spell out) Belgian Dark Strong
Judg rstansbu@yahoo.com	Special Ingredients:
	Bottle Inspection: Appropriate size, cap, fill level, laber removal, etc.
Judge Qualifications and BJCP Rank:  ☐ Apprentice ☐ Recognized ☐ Certified	Comments
☐ Apprentice ☐ Recognized ☐ Certified ☐ National ☐ Master ☐ Grand Master	9
☐ Honorary Master ☐ Mead Judge ☐ Cider Judge	Aroma (as appropriate for style)/12 Comment on malt, hops, esters, and other aromatics
☐ Professional Brewer ☐ Non-BJCP ☐ Rank Pending	Interesting aroma. Lots of spicines in there.
Descriptor Definitions (Mark all that apply):	Merriage of spilly hope and phonolous from yeast.
☐ Acetaldehyde – Green apple-like aroma and f avor.	Reminds me of corrender from a wit. Some dort
Alcoholic - The aroma, flavor, and warming effect of	fruit esters, figs + railing. No off flavors
ethanol and higher alcohols. Sometimes described as "hot."	Sine a cohol.
	Appearance (as appropriate for style)  Comment on color, clarity, and head (retention, color, and texture)
☐ Astringent – Puckering, lingering harshness and/or dryness in the finish/aftertaste; harsh graininess; huskiness.	Pours on amber color and very clear.
	Has an off-white whispy head that
☐ Diacetyl – Artificial butter, butterscotch, or to fee aroma and flavor. Sometimes perceived as a slickness on the tongue.	leaves a lace an alass.
□ DMS (dimethyl sulfide) – At low levels a sweet, cooked or	
canned corn-like aroma and flavor.	Flavor (as appropriate for style) /7 /20
	Comment on malt, hops, fermentation characteristics, balance, finish/aftertaste, and other flavor characteristics
Estery – Aroma and/or flavor of any ester (fruits, fruit flavorings, or roses).	Tousty melt flavor with some dock trait Character
	(golden raisins), Moderate hap between and
☐ Grassy – Aroma/flavor of fresh-cut grass or green leaves.	Some spicy learthy hop flavors. Alcoholis
☐ <b>Light-Struck</b> – Similar to the aroma of a skunk.	Viry apparent but not hot or solventy. Finish
☐ Metallic – Tinny, coiny, copper, iron, or blood-like flavor.	15 very dry. No off flagors. Corriender-like
☐ <b>Musty</b> – Stale, musty, or moldy aromas/flavors.	Mouthfeel (as appropriate for style)  Comment on body, carbonation, warmth, creaminess, astringency, and other palate sensations
☐ Oxidized – Any one or combination of winy/vinous, cardboard, papery, or sherry-like aromas and flavors.	Mediumbodied and moderately carbonated.
Phenolic Spicy Peopler), smoky, plastic, plastic	Alcohol gran th is gresent but not hot.
adhesive strip, and/or medicinal (chlorophenolic).	No a stringency (harshael).
☐ Solvent – Aromas and flavors of higher alcohols (fusel alcohols). Similar to acetone or lacquer thinner aromas.	
	Overall Impression/10
☐ Sour/Acidic – Tartness in aroma and flavor. Can be sharp and clean (lactic acid), or vinegar-like (acetic acid).	Comment on overall drinking pleasure associated with entry, give suggestions for improvement  To terresting been Somewhat and the for the
☐ Sulfur – The aroma of rotten eggs or burning matches.	Style be cause it has some very wit-
□ Vegetal – Cooked, canned, or rotten vegetable aroma and	esque spice characteristics, very corriander
flavor (cabbage, onion, celery, asparagus, etc.)	Come melt buck bear to suggest it.
☐ Yeasty – A bready, sulfury or yeast-like aroma or flavor.	Some malt back bonk to suggert it.
Look up detailed descriptions in the BJCP vocabulary application: http://www.bjcp.org/cep/vocab/	Total 36 /50
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style	Stylistic Accuracy
Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fin	ne-tuning Classic Example
Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some	
Outstanding (45 - 50): World-class example of style  Excellent (38 - 44): Exemplifies style well, requires minor fin  Very Good (30 - 37): Generally within style parameters, some  Good (21 - 29): Misses the mark on style and/or minor fl.  Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style deficit  Problematic (0 - 13): Major off flavors and aromas dominate	
Fair (14 - 20): Off flavors, aromas or major style deficie	encies Intangibles Wonderful